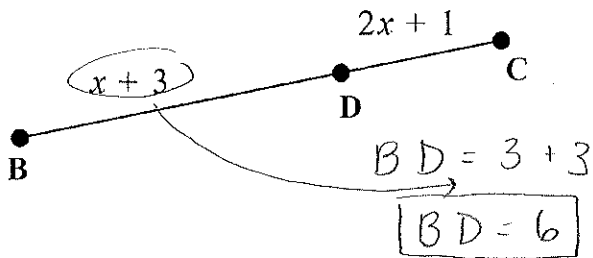


1) Given that D is between B and C,  $BD = x + 3$ ,  $CD = 2x - 1$ , and  $BC = 13$ . Find BD.



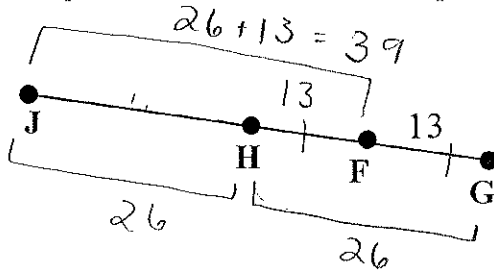
$$BD + DC = BC$$

$$x + 3 + 2x - 1 = 13$$

$$3x + 4 = 13$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4 \quad -4 \\ \hline 3x = 9 \end{array} \quad x = 3$$

2) Given that F is the midpoint of  $\overline{GH}$  and H is the midpoint of  $\overline{GJ}$ . Find the length of  $\overline{JF}$ .



$$HF = FG$$

$$JH = HG$$

$$\boxed{JF = 39}$$

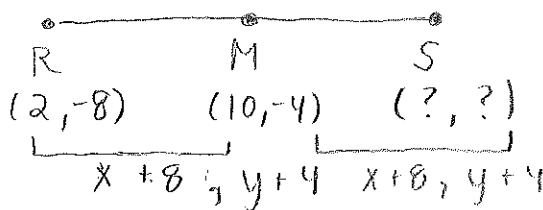
3) Find the midpoint of segment  $\overline{GH}$ :  $G(-3, 5)$ ;  $H(7, -2)$

$$\left( \frac{-3 + 7}{2}, \frac{5 + (-2)}{2} \right) = \left( \frac{4}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right) = \left( 2, 1.5 \right)$$

or

$$\left( 2, \frac{3}{2} \right)$$

4) Given that M is the midpoint of segment  $\overline{RS}$ . Find the coordinates of the missing endpoint if  $R(2, -8)$  and  $M(10, -4)$ .



$$\boxed{S = (18, 0)}$$

For #5 - 6, find the request value, given that BD bisects  $\angle ABC$ .

5) Find x.

$$6x - 2 = 4x + 12$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline 6x = 4x + 14 \\ -4x \quad -4x \\ \hline 2x = 14 \end{array}$$

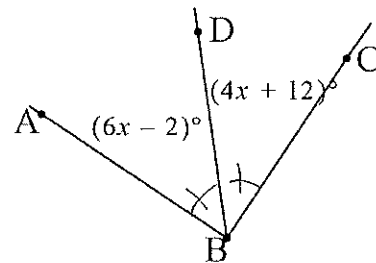
$$\frac{2x = 14}{2 \quad 2} \Rightarrow \boxed{x = 7}$$

6) Find  $m\angle DBC$ .

$$4(7) + 12$$

$$28 + 12$$

$$\boxed{40^\circ}$$



7) Given that  $\angle E$  is complementary to  $\angle F$ . If  $\angle E = (3x + 20)$  and  $m\angle F = (2x - 10)$ , then find x and  $m\angle E$ .

$$\angle E + \angle F = 90^\circ$$

$$3x + 20 + 2x - 10 = 90$$

$$5x + 10 = 90$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -10 \quad -10 \\ \hline 5x = 80 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{5x = 80}{5 \quad 5} \Rightarrow \boxed{x = 16}$$

$$m\angle E = 3(16) + 20$$

$$= 48 + 20$$

$$= \boxed{68^\circ}$$

8) Given that  $m\angle D = (2x + 70)^\circ$  and  $m\angle E = (8x - 10)^\circ$ . If  $\angle D$  is supplementary to  $\angle E$ , then find the value of  $\angle E$ .

$$\angle D + \angle E = 180^\circ$$

$$2x + 70 + 8x - 10 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10x + 60 = 180 \\ -60 \quad -60 \\ \hline 10x = 120 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{10x}{10} = \frac{120}{10}$$

$$x = 12$$

$$m\angle E = 8(12) - 10 = 96 - 10 = 86^\circ$$

$m\angle E = 86^\circ$

9) Find the length of  $AB$  if the endpoints have the following coordinates:  $A(-3, 2)$  and  $B(5, -2)$ . Round your answer to one decimal place, if needed. Use the distance formula or the Pythagorean Theorem.

$$d = \sqrt{(5 - (-3))^2 + (-2 - 2)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(8)^2 + (-4)^2}$$

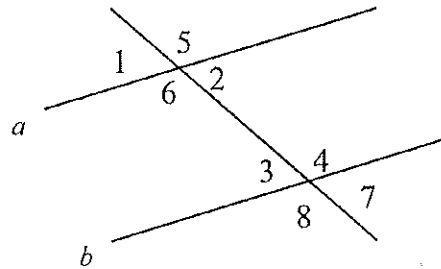
$$d = \sqrt{64 + 16}$$

$$d = \sqrt{80}$$

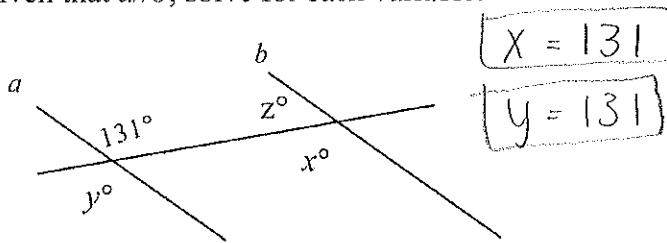
$$d \approx 8.9$$

For #10 – 12: Use the diagram shown to the right.

- 10) Which angle is corresponding with  $\angle 5$ ?  
 $\angle 1$
- 11) Which angle is alternate interior with  $\angle 3$ ?  
 $\angle 2$
- 12) Which angle is consecutive interior with  $\angle 6$ ?  
 $\angle 3$

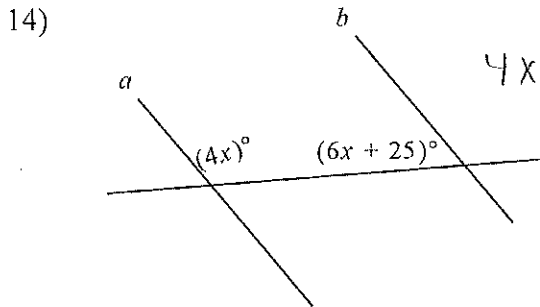


13) Given that  $a \parallel b$ , solve for each variable.



$$\begin{array}{r} x = 131 \\ y = 131 \\ 131 + z = 180 \\ -131 \quad -131 \\ \hline z = 49 \end{array}$$

For #14 – 15: Given that  $a \parallel b$ , solve for  $x$ .

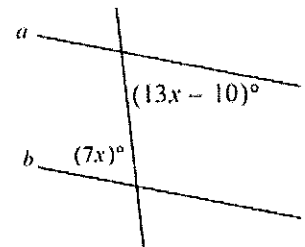


15)

$$4x + 6x + 25 = 180$$

$$10x + 25 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10x = 155 \\ -25 \quad -25 \\ \hline 10x = 155 \\ \frac{10x}{10} = \frac{155}{10} \\ x = 15.5 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 7x = 13x - 10 \\ -13x \quad -13x \\ \hline -6x = -10 \\ \frac{-6x}{-6} = \frac{-10}{-6} \end{array}$$

16) Complete the following syllogism:

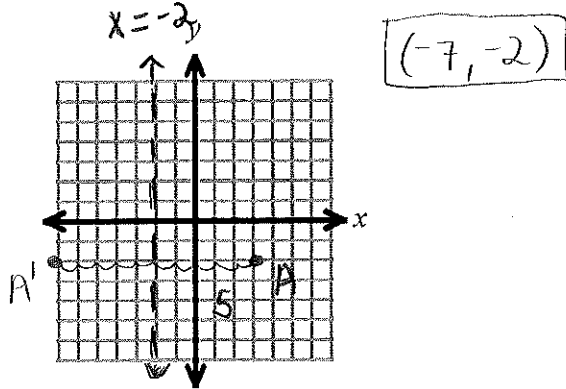
- If Owen gets his driver's license, then he will drive his sister to school.
- If Owen drives his sister to school, then his parents will give him money for gas.
- If Owen gets money for gas, then he will not have to get a job.

$$x = \frac{5}{3} \text{ or } 1.\bar{6}$$

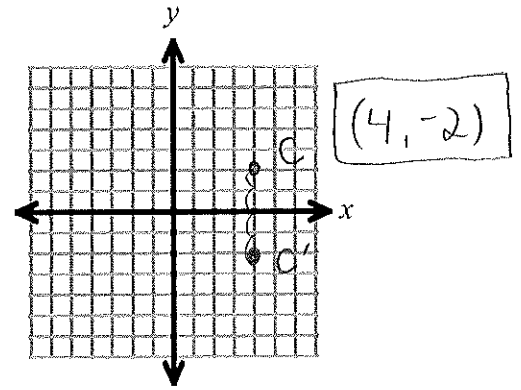
Conclusion:

If Owen gets his driver's license, then he will not have to get a job.

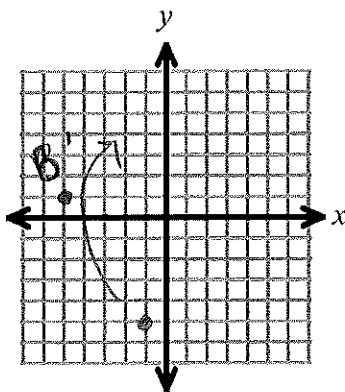
17) Point  $A(3, -2)$  is reflected across the line  $x = -2$ . Find the coordinates of  $A'$ .



19) Point  $C(4, 2)$  is reflected across the  $x$ -axis. Find  $C'$ .



18) Point  $B(-1, -5)$  is rotated 90 degrees clockwise about the origin. Find  $B'$ .



$(x, y) \rightarrow (y, -x)$   
 $(-1, -5) \rightarrow (-5, 1)$   
 left 2 (neg.)  
 up 5 (pos.)

20) A shape is translated along the vector  $(-2, 5)$ . Describe the movement in words.

21) Line A is parallel to the line  $y = -3x + 4$ . Line A passes through the point  $(-7, 5)$ . Write the equation of line A in  $(h, k)$  form.

$\parallel m = -3$

$y = m(x - h) + k$   
 $y = -3(x + 7) + 5$

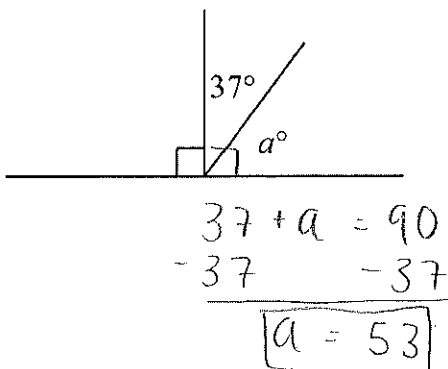
22) Line B is perpendicular to the line  $y = -3x + 4$ . Line B passes through the point  $(11, -2)$ . Write the equation of line B in  $(h, k)$  form.

$\perp m = \frac{1}{3}$

$y = \frac{1}{3}(x - 11) - 2$

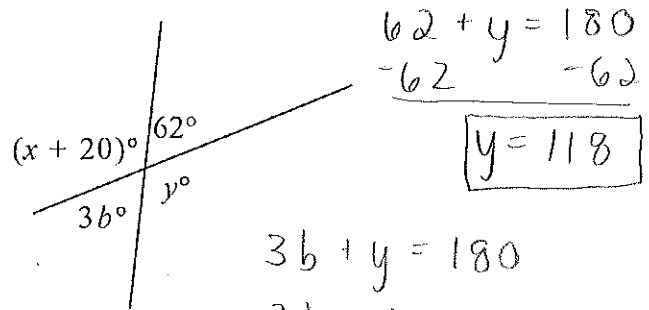
For #23 - 24, find the value of each variable.

23)



$37 + a = 90$   
 $-37 \quad -37$   
 $a = 53$

24)



$62 + y = 180$   
 $-62 \quad -62$   
 $y = 118$

$36 + y = 180$   
 $36 + 118 = 180$   
 $-118 \quad -118$   
 $36 = 62$   
 $\frac{36}{3} = \frac{62}{3}$   
 $b = \frac{62}{3} \text{ or } 20.\bar{6}$

$x + 20 + 62 = 180$   
 $x + 82 = 180$   
 $-82 \quad -82$   
 $x = 98$

Geom \_\_\_\_\_ Sem 1 Rev Wk #1

Name: \_\_\_\_\_