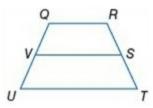
6-6 Trapezoids and Kites

For trapezoid QRTU, V and S are midpoints of the legs.



16. If QR = 12 and UT = 22, find VS.

SOLUTION:

By the Trapezoid Midsegment Theorem, the midsegment of a trapezoid is parallel to each base and its measure is one half the sum of the lengths of the bases.

 \overline{QR} and \overline{UT} are the bases and \overline{VS} is the midsegment. So,

$$VS = \frac{QR + UT}{2}$$
.

$$VS = \frac{12 + 22}{2}$$
$$= 17$$

ANSWER:

17

18. If VS = 9 and UT = 12, find QR.

SOLUTION:

By the Trapezoid Midsegment Theorem, the midsegment of a trapezoid is parallel to each base and its measure is one half the sum of the lengths of the bases.

 \overline{QR} and \overline{UT} are the bases and \overline{VS} is the midsegment. So,

$$VS = \frac{QR + UT}{2}$$
.

$$9 = \frac{QR + 12}{2}$$

$$18 = QR + 12$$

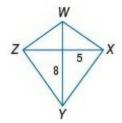
6 = QR

ANSWER:

6

SENSE-MAKING If WXYZ is a kite, find each measure.

24. YZ



SOLUTION:

By the Pythagorean Theorem,

$$XY^2 = 8^2 + 5^2 = 89$$

$$XY = \sqrt{89}$$

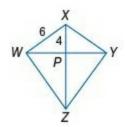
A kite is a quadrilateral with exactly two pairs of consecutive congruent sides. So, $\overline{XY} \cong \overline{ZY}$.

Therefore, $YZ = XY = \sqrt{89}$.

ANSWER:

 $\sqrt{89}$

25. WP



SOLUTION:

By the Pythagorean Theorem,

$$WP^2 = WX^2 - XP^2 = 6^2 - 4^2 = 20$$

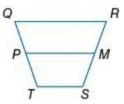
 $WP = \sqrt{20}$

ANSWER:

 $\sqrt{20}$

6-6 Trapezoids and Kites

ALGEBRA For trapezoid *QRST*, *M* and *P* are midpoints of the legs.



42. If TS = 2x, PM = 20, and QR = 6x, find x.

SOLUTION:

By the Trapezoid Midsegment Theorem, the midsegment of a trapezoid is parallel to each base and its measure is one half the sum of the lengths of the bases.

 \overline{QR} and \overline{TS} are the bases and \overline{PM} is the midsegment. So,

$$PM = \frac{QR + TS}{2}.$$
$$20 = \frac{6x + 2x}{2}$$

Solve for x.

$$40 = 8x$$

$$5 = x$$

ANSWER:

5

44. If
$$TS = 2x + 2$$
, $QR = 5x + 3$, and $PM = 13$, find TS .

SOLUTION:

By the Trapezoid Midsegment Theorem, the midsegment of a trapezoid is parallel to each base and its measure is one half the sum of the lengths of the bases.

 \overline{QR} and \overline{TS} are the bases and \overline{PM} is the midsegment. So,

$$PM = \frac{QR + TS}{2}.$$

$$13 = \frac{5x + 3 + 2x + 2}{2}$$

Solve for x.

$$26 = 7x + 5$$

$$21 = 7x$$

$$3 = x$$

Substitute.

$$TS = 2(3) + 2 = 8$$

ANSWER:

8