

11.1 Notes: Volume of Prisms and Cylinders

Objectives:

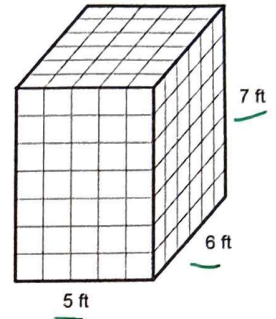
- Students will be able to find the volume of a prism.
- Students will be able to find the volume of a cylinder.

Exploration: Watch this video about the volume of a rectangular prism:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hytONaoJjc0>

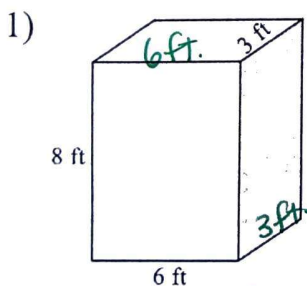
Then explain in words how you would find the volume of the prism shown:

Find the area of the base rectangle and multiply by the height

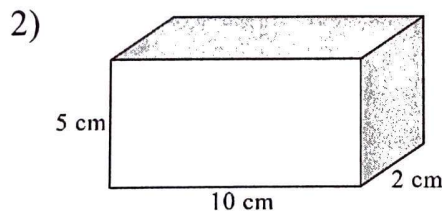


<p>Prism</p>	<p>A prism is a solid with two <u>congruent</u> parallel bases. The segment connecting the bases is called the <u>height</u>. Each <u>lateral</u> face of a prism is a <u>side</u> <u>rectangle</u>.</p>	<p>Prism</p> <p>bases</p> <p>Triangular Prism Pentagonal Prism Rectangular Prism</p>
<p>Volume of a Prism</p>	<p>Volume of a prism: $V = Bh$</p> <p>↑ Area of the base</p> <p>For a <u>rectangular prism</u>, this would become $V = lwh$ <u>base is a rectangle</u></p>	

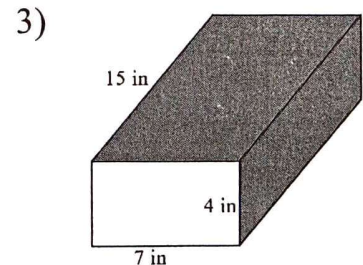
For #1–3: Find the volume of each rectangular prism. You Try #2-3!



Base
 $(6 \text{ ft} \cdot 3 \text{ ft}) \cdot 8 \text{ ft}$
 144 ft^3



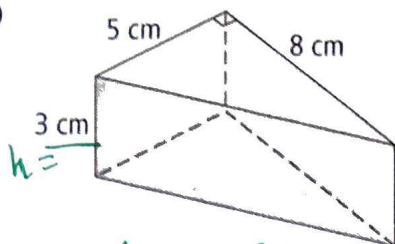
$5 \cdot 10 \cdot 2 =$
 100 cm^3



$7 \cdot 4 \cdot 15$
 420 in^3

For #4–7: Find the volume of each triangular prism.

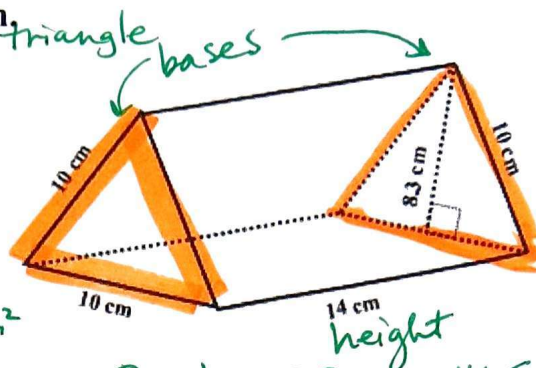
4)



$$\text{Area of base} = \frac{1}{2}(5\text{ cm})(8\text{ cm}) = 20\text{ cm}^2$$

$$(20\text{ cm}^2)(3\text{ cm}) = 60\text{ cm}^3$$

5)

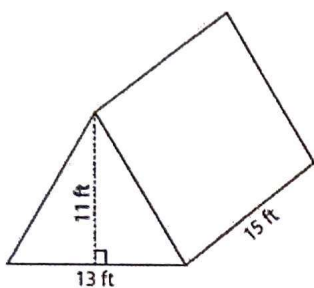


$$B = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10 \cdot 8.3 = 41.5$$

$$(41.5)(14) = \boxed{581\text{ cm}^3}$$

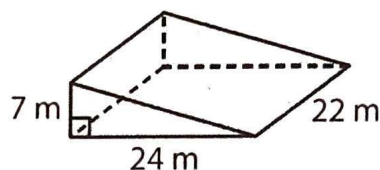
You try #6–7!

6)



$$1072.5\text{ ft}^3$$

7)



$$1848\text{ m}^3$$

8) A rectangular prism has volume of 24 cm^3 . The length and width of the prism is 5 cm and 3 cm. Find the height of the prism.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= lwh \\ 24\text{ cm}^3 &= 5 \cdot 3 \cdot h \\ 24\text{ cm}^3 &= 15h \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{24}{15} = \frac{15h}{15}$$

$$\boxed{1.6\text{ cm}}$$

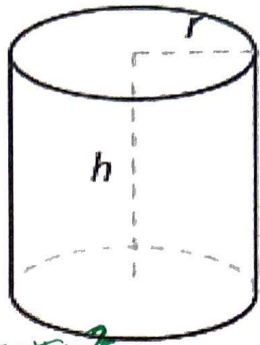
9) Jessica made soup, and the soup had a volume of 30 in^3 . She poured the soup into a container shaped like a rectangular prism, and the length and width of the container is 2 inches by 3 inches. The soup completely filled the container perfectly (wow!) 😊 What is the height of the container?

$$V = lwh$$

$$30 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot h$$

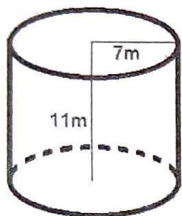
$$\frac{30}{6} = \frac{6h}{6}$$

$$\boxed{h = 5\text{ in}}$$

Cylinder	A cylinder is a solid figure with two <u>Congruent</u> circular bases that are parallel.	
Volume of a Cylinder	$V = \underbrace{\pi r^2}_{\text{Base}} h$ <p style="text-align: right;">Area of circle = πr^2</p>	

For #10–13: Find the volume of each solid, in the requested form.

10) in terms of pi



$$\pi 7^2 \cdot 11$$

$$539 \pi \text{ m}^3$$

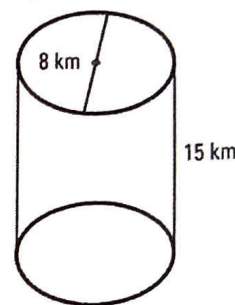
11) rounded to one decimal place

$$d = 8 \text{ km}$$

$$r = 4 \text{ km}$$

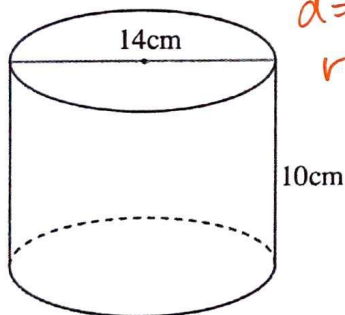
$$\pi 4^2 \cdot 15 = 753.98$$

$$754.0 \text{ km}^3$$



You try #12 – 13!

12) in terms of pi



$$d = 14 \text{ cm}$$

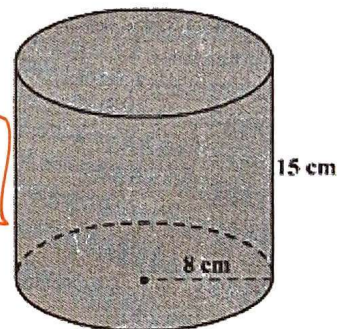
$$r = 7$$

$$\pi (7)^2 \cdot 10$$

$$490 \pi \text{ cm}^3$$

13) rounded to one decimal place

$$3015.9 \text{ cm}^3$$



14) A cylinder has volume of $100\pi \text{ in}^3$ and a height of 4 inches. Find the radius of the cylinder.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\frac{100\pi}{4\pi} = \frac{\pi r^2 \cdot 4}{4\pi}$$

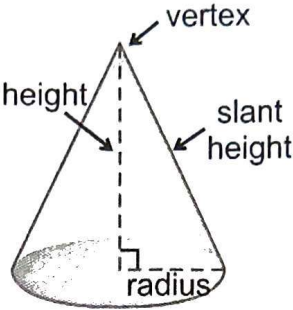
$$\sqrt{25} = \sqrt{r^2}$$

$$r = 5 \text{ in.}$$

11.2 Notes: Volume of Pyramids and Cones

Objective:

- Students will be able to find the volume of cones and pyramids.

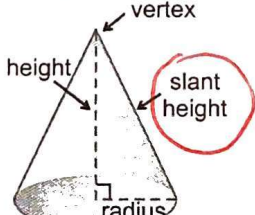
Cone	<p>A cone is a solid with one <u>circular</u> base and a vertex.</p> <p>The height, radius, and slant height of a cone form a <u>right</u> triangle.</p>	
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Exploration: Watch this video (until time 3:24) to observe the relationship between the volume of a cylinder and the volume of a cone.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xwPiA0COi8k> Given that the volume of a cylinder is $V = \pi r^2 h$, then how could you find the volume of a cone? What formula could you use?

They filled 3 cones with 1 cylinder

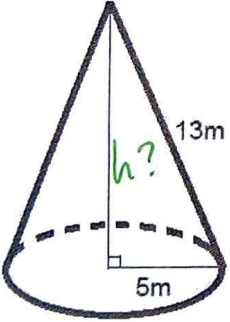
$$\text{Cone} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{Volume of cylinder}$$

Volume of a Cone	<p>The volume of a cone can be found by the formula:</p> $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$	
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For #1-2: Find the volume of each cone, in the desired form.

1) in terms of pi

2) rounded to one decimal place

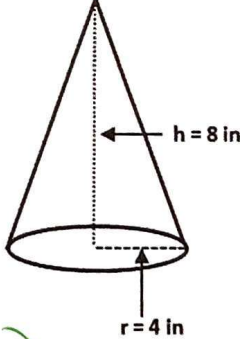


$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
 $r = 5\text{m}$
 $h = 12\text{m}$

5-12-13

$$\frac{1}{3} \pi (5)^2 (12)$$

multiply

$$100 \pi \text{ m}^3$$


$\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
 $r = 4\text{ in.}$
 $h = 8\text{ in.}$

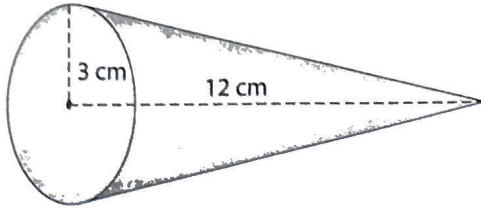
$$\frac{1}{3} \pi (4)^2 (8)$$

134.04

$$134.0 \text{ in}^3$$

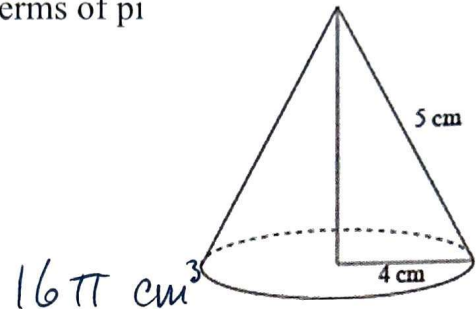
You try #3-4! Find the volume of each cone, in the desired form.

3) rounded to one decimal place



$$113.1 \text{ cm}^3$$

4) in terms of pi



$$16\pi \text{ cm}^3$$

5) A cone has volume of 12 mm^3 and a height of 4 mm. Find the radius of the cone.

$$V = 12 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$h = 4 \text{ mm}$$

$$r = ?$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$3 \cdot 12 = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 (4) \cdot 3$$

$$\frac{36}{4\pi} = \frac{\pi r^2 (4)}{4\pi}$$

$$2.865 = r^2$$

$$r = 1.69 \text{ mm}$$

Pyramid	A pyramid has one base, and all the lateral faces are <u>triangles</u> . The lateral faces all meet at one point, called the <u>vertex</u> .	<p>A diagram of a square pyramid. A line from the apex to the center of the base is labeled 'height'. A line along the side of the pyramid is labeled 'slant height'. The apex is labeled 'vertex'.</p>
Square Pyramid	A square pyramid has one base, shaped like a <u>square</u> .	
Volume of a Pyramid	The volume of a pyramid can be found by using: $V = \frac{1}{3} Bh$	

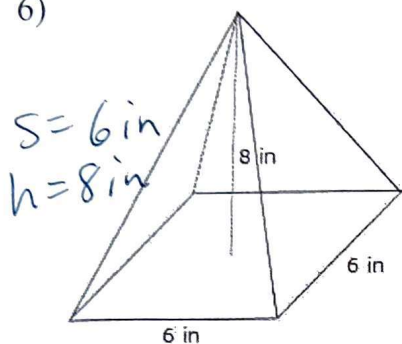
Area of the Base
 $A = s^2$ for square

$$V = \frac{1}{3} s^2 \cdot h$$

for square pyramid

For #6 -11: Find the volume of each square pyramid. If needed, round to one decimal place.

6)



$$S = 6 \text{ in}$$

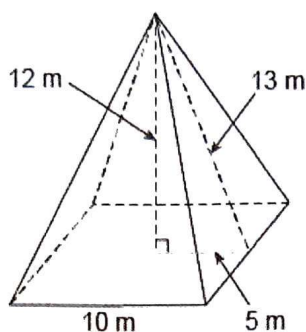
$$h = 8 \text{ in}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} S^2 \cdot h$$

$$\frac{1}{3} (6)^2 \cdot 8$$

$$96 \text{ in}^3$$

7)



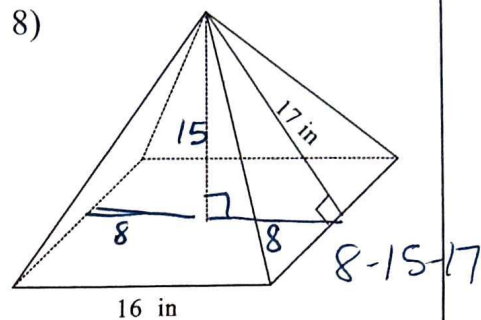
$$S = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$h = 12 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} (10)^2 \cdot 12$$

$$400 \text{ m}^3$$

8)



$$S = 16 \text{ in}$$

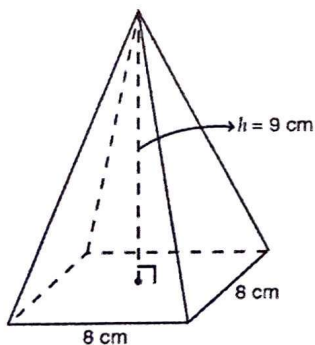
$$h = 15 \text{ in}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} (16)^2 \cdot 15$$

$$1280 \text{ in}^3$$

You try #9-11!

9)

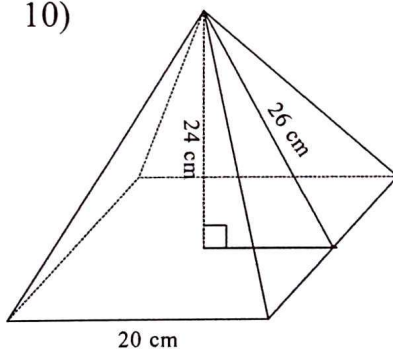


$$S = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$h = 9 \text{ cm}$$

$$192 \text{ cm}^3$$

10)

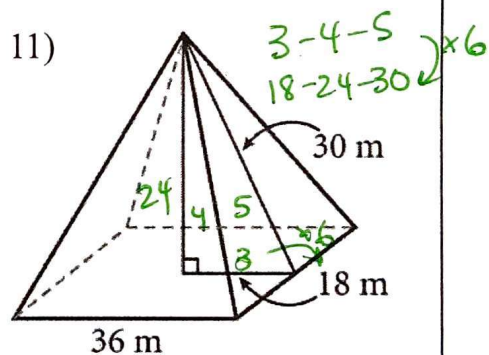


$$S = 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$h = 24 \text{ cm}$$

$$3200 \text{ cm}^3$$

11)



$$S = 36 \text{ m}$$

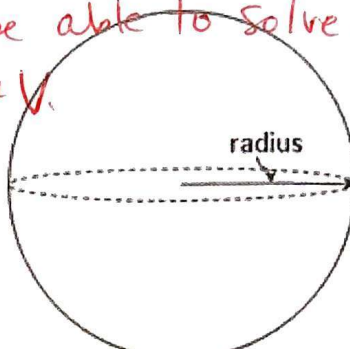
$$h = 24 \text{ m}$$

$$10,368 \text{ cm}^3$$

11.3 Notes: Spheres and Cubes

Objectives:

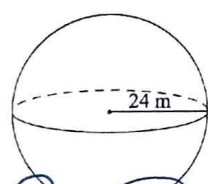
- Students will be able to find the surface area and volume of a sphere.
- Students will be able to find the surface area and volume of a cube.

Surface Area of a Sphere	<p>The Surface Area of a sphere can be found with the formula:</p> $SA = 4\pi r^2$	<p>All we need is radius to be able to solve for SA & V.</p> 
Volume of a Sphere	<p>The Volume of a sphere can be found with the formula:</p> $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$	

For #1 – 4: Find the volume and surface area of each sphere, in the requested form.

1) in terms of pi

$r = 24\text{m}$



$SA = 4\pi(24)^2$
multiply these

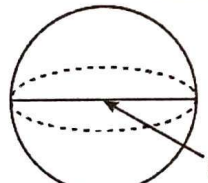
$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi(24)^3$

$SA = 2304\pi\text{ m}^2$
Area, not Volume

$V = 18432\pi\text{ m}^3$

2) rounded to one decimal place

$r = 4\text{mm}$
 $d = 8\text{mm}$



$SA = 4\pi(4)^2$

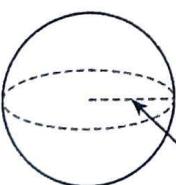
$SA = 201.1\text{ mm}^2$

$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi(4)^3$

$V = 268.1\text{ mm}^3$

You try #3-4!

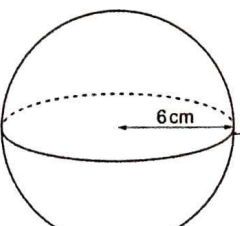
3) rounded to one decimal place



$SA = 1520.5\text{ in}^2$

$V = 5575.3\text{ in}^3$

4) in terms of pi



$SA = 144\pi\text{ cm}^2$

$V = 288\pi\text{ cm}^3$

5) **Multiple Choice:** What is the surface area of the sphere shown, in terms of x and π ?

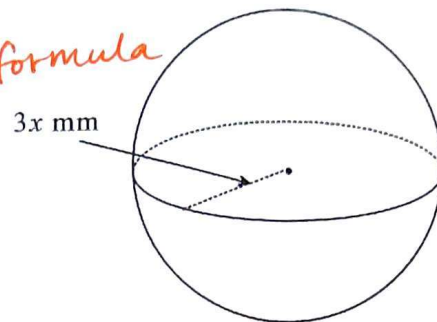
- A) $12x\pi \text{ mm}^2$
 B) $36x^2\pi \text{ mm}^2$
 C) $144x^2\pi \text{ mm}^2$
 D) $27x^3\pi \text{ mm}^3$

just set up the formula

$$SA = 4\pi(3x)^2$$

$$4\pi 9x^2$$

$$36x^2\pi \text{ mm}^2$$



6) A sphere has surface area of $100\pi \text{ in}^2$. What is the radius of the sphere?

$$SA = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\frac{100\pi}{4\pi} = \frac{4\pi r^2}{4\pi}$$

$$25 = r^2$$

$$\sqrt{25} = \sqrt{r^2}$$

$$r = 5 \text{ in.}$$

r = ?
SA = 100π in²

7) For the sphere referenced in #6, what is the volume of the sphere, rounded to one decimal place?

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi(5)^3$$

$$= 523.6 \text{ in}^3$$

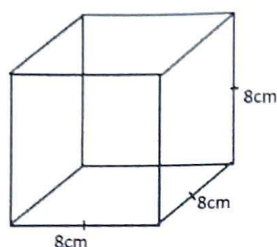
Cube	A cube is a rectangular prism where the length, width, and height are all <u>congruent</u> .	<p>A 3D diagram of a cube. The front bottom edge is labeled 'e', the right bottom edge is labeled 'e', and the right vertical edge is labeled 'e'. Hidden edges are shown with dashed lines.</p>
Volume of a Cube	The volume of a cube can be found with the formula: $V = e^3$	
Surface Area of a Cube	The surface area of a cube can be found with the formula: $SA = 6e^2$	

6 faces
each face is e^2
 $6e^2$

For #8 – 9: Find the surface area and volume of each cube.

$$V = e^3 \text{ and } SA = 6e^2$$

8)



$$s = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$V = e^3$$

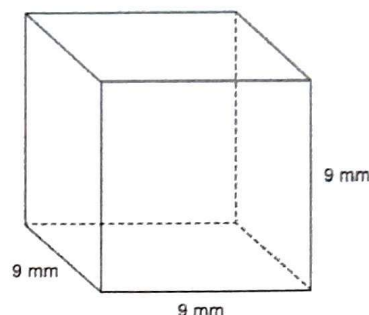
$$(8)^3 = \boxed{512 \text{ cm}^3}$$

$$SA = 6e^2$$

$$6 \cdot (8)^2$$

$$\boxed{384 \text{ cm}^2}$$

You Try! 9)



$$s = 9 \text{ mm}$$

$$SA = 486 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$V = 729 \text{ mm}^3$$

10) A cube has a surface area of 54 ft^2 . Find the length of one side of the cube.

$$SA = 54 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$s = ?$$

$$SA = 6e^2$$

$$\frac{54}{6} = \frac{6e^2}{6}$$

$$\sqrt{e^2} = \sqrt{9}$$

$$\boxed{e = 3 \text{ ft.}}$$

11) Use the cube described in #12. Find the volume of the cube.

$$V = e^3$$

$$(3)^3 = \boxed{27 \text{ ft}^3}$$

Challenge: A cube has volume of 125 cm^3 . Find the surface area of the cube.

$$V = 125 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$V = e^3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{125} = \sqrt[3]{e^3}$$

$$5 = e$$

$$SA = 6e^2$$

$$6(5)^2$$

$$6(25)$$

$$\boxed{150 \text{ cm}^2}$$

11.4 Notes: Surface Area

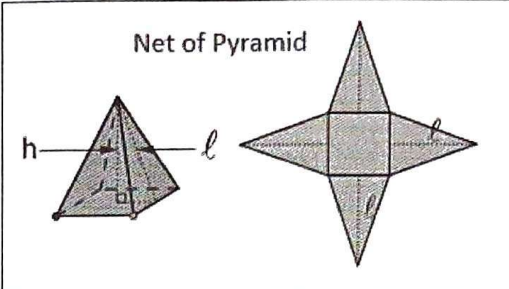
Objectives:

- Students will be able to find the surface area of a solid by using nets.
- Students will be able to find the surface area of a solid by using formulas.

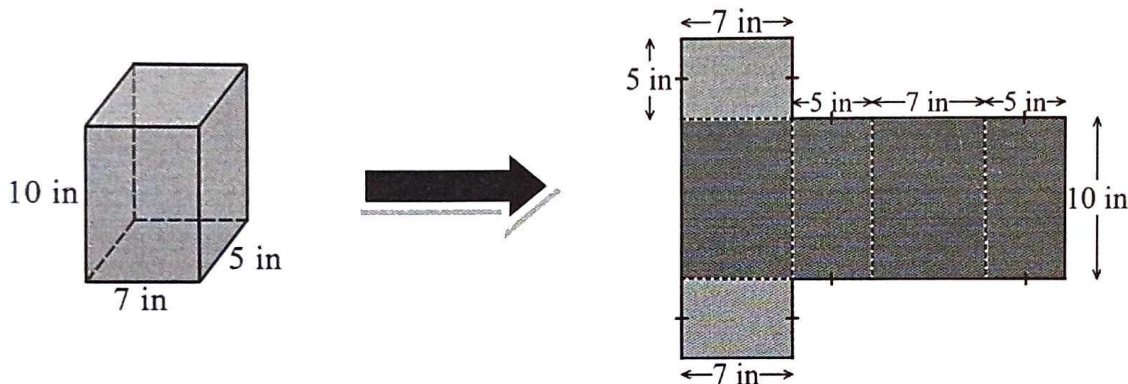
Exploration: Go to this link to explore surface area of various solids:

<https://www.geogebra.org/m/wP2xJt64#material/c8ptXZ2w>

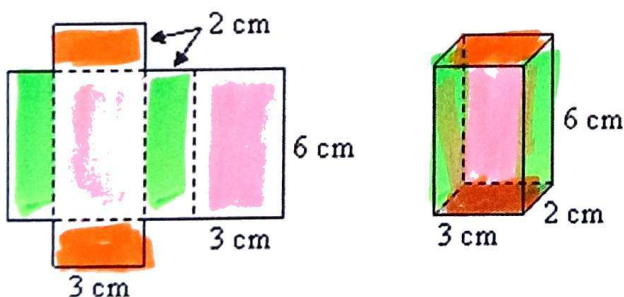
Click on various shapes on the left side of the screen. Explore the page as you “unfold” the surface area of each solid figure.

<p>Surface Area</p>	<p>The Surface Area of a solid is the <u>Sum</u> of the areas of each face of the figure.</p>	<p>Net of Pyramid</p> 
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1) Find the surface area of the rectangular prism shown by examining its net.

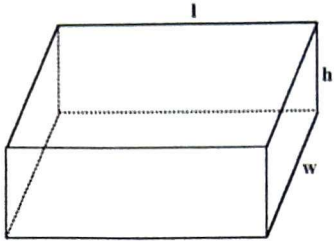
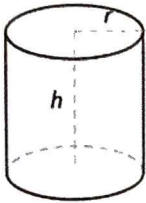
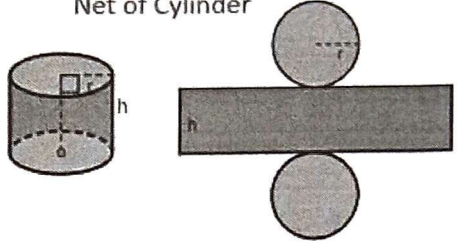


You Try! 2) Find the surface area of the rectangular prism shown by examining its net.



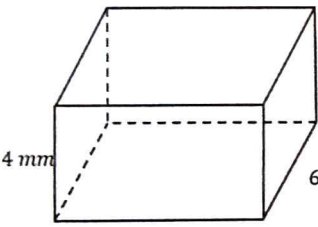
$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{orange } 3 \times 2 = 6 \text{ cm}^2 \\
 &2 \text{ orange sides } 6 \text{ cm}^2 \times 2 = 12 \text{ cm}^2 \\
 &\text{pink } - 6 \times 3 = 18 \text{ cm}^2 \\
 &2 \text{ pink sides } = 36 \text{ cm}^2 \\
 &\text{green } - 6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ cm}^2 \\
 &2 \text{ green sides } = 24 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Orange} + \text{pink} + \text{green} \\
 12 \text{ cm}^2 + 36 \text{ cm}^2 + 24 \text{ cm}^2 = \boxed{72 \text{ cm}^2}$$

<p>Surface Area of a Rectangular Prism</p>	$SA = 2lw + 2wh + 2lh$ <p>Alternate formula:</p> $SA = 2B + Ph$	 <p>$SA = 2lw + 2wh + 2lh$</p>
<p>Surface Area of a Cylinder</p>	$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$ 	<p>Net of Cylinder</p> 

For #3-6: Find the surface area of each solid. For cylinders, leave your answer in terms of pi.

3)

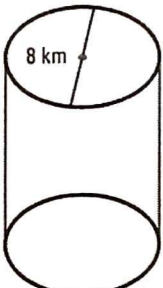


$2lw + 2wh + 2lh$
 $l = 2.5 \text{ mm}$
 $w = 6 \text{ mm}$
 $h = 4 \text{ mm}$

$$2(2.5)(6) + 2(6)(4) + 2(2.5)(4)$$

$$30 + 48 + 20 = 98 \text{ mm}^2$$

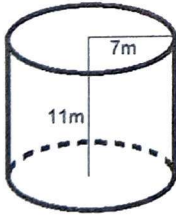
4)



$2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$
 $2\pi(4)^2 + 2\pi(4)(15)$
 $32\pi + 120\pi$
 $152\pi \text{ km}^2$
 $r = 4 \text{ km}$
 $h = 15 \text{ km}$

You try #5 - 6!

5)



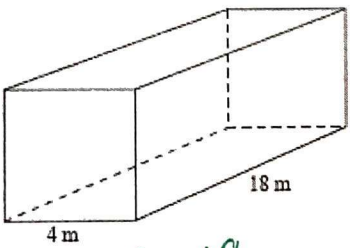
$2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$
 $r = 7$
 $h = 11$

$$2\pi(7)^2 + 2\pi(7)(11)$$

$$98\pi + 154\pi$$

$$252\pi \text{ m}^2$$

6)

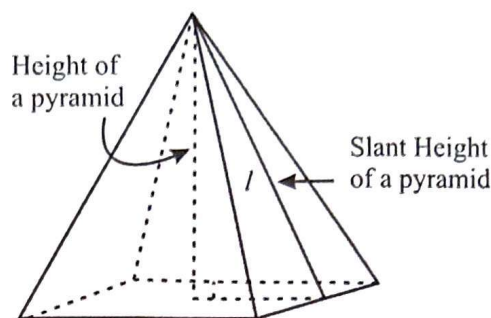


$2lw + 2wh + 2lh$
 $2(18)(4) + 2(4)(5) + 2(18)(5)$
 $144 + 40 + 180$
 364 m^2
 $l = 18$
 $w = 4$
 $h = 5$

Surface Area of a Pyramid

$$SA = B + \frac{1}{2}Pl$$

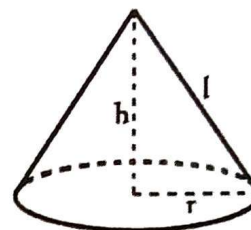
area of the base \uparrow \uparrow Perimeter around the base
 slant height \downarrow



Surface Area of a Cone

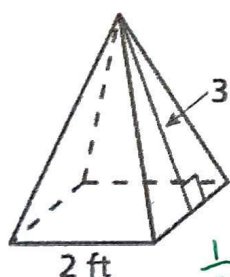
$$SA = \pi r^2 + \pi r l$$

area of the circle \uparrow \uparrow area of the top cone part
 slant height \downarrow



For #7–10: Find the surface area of each solid. For cones, leave your answer in terms of pi.

7)



$$SA = B + \frac{1}{2}Pl$$

$$B = 2\text{ ft} \times 2\text{ ft} = 4\text{ ft}^2$$

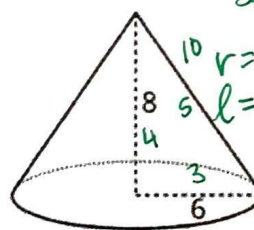
$$P = 8\text{ ft}$$

$$l = 3\text{ ft}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(8)(3) = 12\text{ ft}^2$$

add $\boxed{16\text{ ft}^2}$

8)



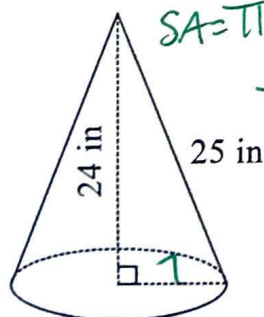
$$SA = \pi r^2 + \pi r l$$

$$\pi(6)^2 + \pi(6)(10)$$

$$36\pi + 60\pi$$

$$\boxed{96\pi \text{ units}^2}$$

9)



$$SA = \pi r^2 + \pi r l$$

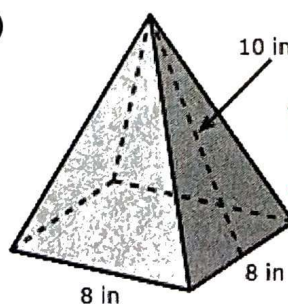
$$\pi(7)^2 + \pi(7)(25)$$

$$49\pi + 175\pi$$

$$\boxed{224\pi \text{ in}^2}$$

$r = 7\text{ in.}$
 $l = 25\text{ in}$

10)



$$P = 32\text{ in}$$

$$l = 10\text{ in}$$

$$B = 8 \times 8 = 64\text{ in}^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(32)(10) = 160\text{ in}^2$$

$$\boxed{224\text{ in}^2}$$